Grammar

Preposizioni di luogo (2)

1 Complète les phrases avec la préposition correcte: a, b ou c.

1 The supermarket’s _______ the library and the bookshop.
   a at  b on the corner of  c between

2 The clothes shop’s _______ to the cinema.
   a opposite  b next  c behind

3 The car’s in _______ the café.
   a front of  b opposite  c between

4 The dog’s _______ the park.
   a between  b in  c on the corner of

5 The restaurant’s _______ the market.
   a opposite  b between  c at

6 My house’s _______ London Road and Beech Lane.
   a in  b opposite  c on the corner of

7 The school’s _______ the station.
   a between  b in  c near

there is/are e some/any • Affermativo e negativo

2 Abbinà l’inizio delle frasi (1–4) alle loro conclusioni (a–d).

1 _______ There’s a school.
   a there is  b there are

2 _______ There aren’t shops near here.
   a there is  b there are

3 _______ There are two restaurants.
   a there is  b there are

4 _______ There isn’t an old building.
   a there is  b there are

3 Scegli l’alternativa corretta.

1 There’s/are a big cinema in this town.
2 There’s/are two computers in this room.
3 There are/aren’t any nice parks near here.
4 There are/aren’t some good cameras in this shop.
5 There’s/are a café near our school.
6 There’s/are an office next to the library.
7 There aren’t/are some photos in this book.
8 There’s/are pasta and broccoli for dinner.
9 There isn’t/aren’t any cars in this car park.
10 There’s/are 50 students in the school show.
11 There are/are some good films at the cinema this week.
12 There are/are a boy and a girl at the bus stop.

4 Scrivi frasi affermative e negative usando la forma corretta di there is/are.

1 a school ✓
   There’s a school.

2 shops ×

3 two restaurants ✓

4 an old building ✓

5 any parks ×

6 an office ✓

7 a station ✓

8 an Internet café ×

there is/are e some/any • Domande e risposte brevi

5 Complète les demandes et les réponses breves avec la forme correcte de there is o there are e a/an, some o any.

1 Are there any _______ shops near here?
   a there is  b there are
   Yes, _______.

2 _______ park in this city?
   a there is  b there are
   No, _______.

3 _______ library in your town?
   a there is  b there are
   Yes, _______.

4 _______ museums near here?
   a there is  b there are
   No, _______.

5 _______ takeaways near your school?
   a there is  b there are
   Yes, _______.

6 _______ shop next to the station?
   a there is  b there are
   No, _______.

7 _______ offices in this building?
   a there is  b there are
   Yes, _______.

8 _______ DVDs in the library?
   a there is  b there are
   No, _______.

6 Scrivi le domande per queste risposte.

1 How many boys are there in your class?
   There are twelve boys in my class.

2 _______?
   Yes, there’s a hospital in my town.

3 _______?
   No, there aren’t any shopping centres in the city.

4 _______?
   Yes, there are some supermarkets on Bond Street.
L’imperativo

7 Segna (✓) le espressioni corrette. Poi riscrivi correttamente quelle errate.

1 ✓ Listen to the teacher.

2 ___ Don’t be late.

3 ___ You learn to speak English.

4 ___ Don’t sit next to him.

5 ___ No close your books.

6 ___ Give him a pen.

8 Scrivi frasi alla forma affermativa e negativa dell’imperativo.

1 eat food (in the café/not in class)
   Eat food in the café.
   Don’t eat food in class.

2 run fast (in PE/not in school)

3 play football (in the park/not in the house)

4 do your homework (now/not tomorrow)

5 have lunch (in the café/not in the restaurant)

Vocabulary

Posti in città

10 Leggi le definizioni e scrivi i nomi di questi posti in città.

1 You can get a bus here. ___ bus stop / station

2 People watch sport here. ___ s

3 You can buy jeans here. ___ c

4 You can walk your dog here. ___ p

5 You can have a coffee here. ___

6 You can read books here. ___

7 You can buy medicine here. ___

8 You can buy a newspaper here. ___ n

9 You can have dinner here. ___

10 Tourists can get information here. ___ t

11 You can catch a train here. ___

12 You can send letters here. ___

13 You can park your car here. ___

14 You can get a coach here. ___

15 You can do sport here. ___

16 You can buy shoes here. ___

Aggettivi per descrivere la città

11 Completa le frasi con gli aggettivi del riquadro.

- civilised
- expensive
- modern
- beautiful
- interesting
- friendly
- lively

1 London isn’t ugly. It’s really ______.

2 Shanghai isn’t old-fashioned. It’s very ______.

3 Paris isn’t cheap. It’s quite ______.

4 Rome isn’t boring. It’s really ______.

5 Rio de Janiero is a welcoming, ______ city.

6 Tokyo is a very polite, ______ city.

7 Barcelona is full of life. It’s very ______.

Could...? 9 Completa le domande con una frase del riquadro.

1 Could I borrow ______ your mobile phone, please?

2 ______ me a drink, please?

3 ______ your book, please?

4 ______ the window, please?

5 ______ quiet, please?

6 ______ me, please?

Extra vocabulary • Directions 12 Scegli l’alternativa corretta per completare il dialogo.

A Excuse me. Where’s the town hall please?

B The town hall? Go ______ Queens Street for 200 metres. ______ the market and ______ the bridge. Then go ______ for 100 metres. Then go ______ the café and take ______ left. The town hall is ______ the right.

A Thanks. I think ______ have that.