Recupero

Grammar

be going to (1) • Intenzioni • affermativo e negativo

1 Scrivi frasi affermative e negative usando le parole date e be going to.

1 I study French at University
   I’m going to study French at University. ✔
   I’m not going to study French at University. ✗

2 he work late today
   ________________________________ ✔
   ________________________________ ✗

3 Elaine cook dinner tonight
   ________________________________ ✔
   ________________________________ ✗

4 John and I travel to France this summer
   ________________________________ ✔
   ________________________________ ✗

5 my parents buy a new car
   ________________________________ ✔
   ________________________________ ✗

2 Completa il testo con la forma corretta di be going to e i verbi fra parentesi.

This summer, my mum and dad are going to visit Scotland. They stay in Edinburgh for a few days. I meet them there after my exams. Then Dad drive us to Loch Ness in the north of Scotland. We not see the Loch Ness monster because it doesn’t exist! People say it rains all the time in Scotland, but Dad says it isn’t true and he not take an umbrella!

be going to • Domande

3 Scrivi domande per queste risposte usando be going to.

1 Are you going to watch TV?
   ________________________________
   Yes, I’m going to watch TV.

2 Where ________________________________
   I’m going to stay in a hotel.

3 ________________________________
   No, she isn’t going to visit us.

4 Who ________________________________
   You’re going to meet my sister.

5 ________________________________
   They’re going to catch the train tomorrow.

6 ________________________________
   No, you and John aren’t going to play football.

4 Completa il dialogo con la forma corretta di be going to e i verbi fra parentesi.

Alex Hi Rosa, it’s Alex. Listen, I’m having a party next Saturday.
Rosa Who are you going to invite (you/invite)?
Alex All of my friends from school come.
   But Sara be late because she’s got a football match on Sunday.
Rosa And what about food – you cook some food?
Alex Yes, I went shopping yesterday and I make three different kinds of pizza, salads and lots of chicken.

be going to (2) • Previsioni

5 Decidi se si tratta di programmi o previsioni. Scrivi Prog. or Prev.

1 _______ Prev. It’s freezing. It’s going to snow.
2 _______ I’m going to be a doctor.
3 _______ That car’s driving very fast. It’s going to crash.
4 _______ She’s an hour late for the exam. She’s going to fail.
5 _______ We’re going to camp in France this summer.
6 _______ They’re wearing tracksuits. They’re going to play football.

6 Leggi le frasi e scrivi le previsioni.

1 It’s 3.00 am and we’re still awake. (we/tired/tomorrow)
   We’re going to be tired tomorrow.

2 Their train leaves at 8.30 am. It’s 8.25 am and they’re still at home. (they/miss/the train)

3 There are dark grey clouds in the sky. (it/rain)

4 It’s raining a lot and you don’t have an umbrella. (I/get wet)

5 Lots of people are waiting outside the football stadium. (they/watch a football match)

6 The students are all late for class and the teacher looks very angry. (the teacher/shout)

7 Chris ate too much at lunch. (he/be sick)
7 Riscrivi le frasi usando about to.
1 I’m going to bed in 5 minutes.
   I’m about to go to bed.
2 He’s going to leave soon.
3 The bus is leaving in two minutes.
4 We’re eating lunch in a minute.

8 be going to, Present simple o Present continuous per il futuro?
1 My bus arrives at 12.35 pm. (arrive)
2 I meet Sue this evening. (meet)
3 They’ve just decided. They spend New Year’s Eve in New York. (spend)
4 The shops close at 6pm. (close)
5 She starts university next week. (start)
6 My football team aren’t doing well this year. They win the cup. (win)

9 Completare il dialogo con la forma corretta dei verbi dei riquadro. A volte più di un’alternativa è possibile.

Vocabulary
Il tempo atmosferico
10 Scrivi frasi per descrivere il tempo atmosferico.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Immagine del tempo</th>
<th>Frase</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☁️</td>
<td>It’s raining.</td>
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<td>☁️</td>
<td>It’s</td>
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</table>

Extra vocabulary • Skills and culture
11 Completa le frasi con le parole del riquadro.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tornado</th>
<th>Hailstones</th>
<th>Flooding</th>
<th>Storm</th>
<th>Lightning bolt</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

1 There was a fire in the city last night after a lightning bolt hit a building.
2 Following heavy rain, large parts of the country suffered terrible flooding.
3 Lots of drivers needed to stop their cars yesterday after large hailstones fell and damaged their cars.
4 Thousands of people had to leave their homes last night after there was a strong storm in the Southern USA. There were also strong winds in the north of the country.
5 Never stand under a tree in a tornado. It’s very dangerous.