Grammar

Preposizioni di luogo (2)
1 Completa le frasi con la preposizione corretta: a, b o c.

1. The supermarket’s ______ the library and the bookshop.
   a at    b on the corner of    c between
2. The clothes shop’s ______ to the cinema.
   a opposite    b next    c behind
3. The car’s in ______ the café.
   a front of    b opposite    c between
4. The dog’s ______ the park.
   a between    b in    c on the corner of
5. The restaurant’s ______ the market.
   a opposite    b between    c at
6. My house’s ______ London Road and Beech Lane.
   a in    b opposite    c on the corner of
7. The school’s ______ the station.
   a between    b in    c near

there is/are e some/any • Affermativo e negativo
2 Abbina l’inizio delle frasi (1–4) alle loro conclusioni (a–d).

1. b There’s a/big cinema in this town.
2. ______ There aren’t a French teacher at my school, so we can’t study French.
3. ______ There are a/an office next to the library.
4. ______ There isn’t a boy and a girl at the bus stop.
5. ______ There aren’t some/any photos in this book.
6. ______ There are/a/an office next to the library.
7. ______ There’s a/an office next to the library.
8. ______ There aren’t some/any photos in this book.

3 Scegli l’alternativa corretta.
1. There’s/are a big cinema in this town.
2. There’s/are two computers in this room.
3. There are/aren’t any nice parks near here.
4. There are/aren’t some good cameras in this shop.
5. There’s/are a café near our school.
6. There’s a/an office next to the library.
7. There aren’t some/any photos in this book.
8. There’s/are pasta and broccoli for dinner.
9. There isn’t/aren’t any cars in this car park.
10. There’s/are 50 students in the school show.
11. There are any/some good films at the cinema this week.
12. There are/a/s a boy and a girl at the bus stop.

4 Scrivi frasi affermative e negative usando la forma corretta di there is/are.

1. a school ✓
   There’s a school.
2. shops ❌
3. two restaurants ✓
4. an old building ✓
5. any parks ❌
6. an office ✓
7. a station ❌
8. an Internet café ❌

there is/are e some/any • Domande e risposte brevi
5 Completa le domande e le risposte brevi usando la forma corretta di there is o there are e a/an, some o any.

1. Are there any shops near here?
   Yes, there are.
2. ______ park in this city?
   No, ______.
3. ______ library in your town?
   Yes, ______.
4. ______ museums near here?
   No, ______.
5. ______ takeaways near your school?
   Yes, ______.
6. ______ shop next to the station?
   No, ______.
7. ______ offices in this building?
   Yes, ______.
8. ______ DVDs in the library?
   No, ______.

6 Scrivì le domande per queste risposte.
1. How many boys are there in your class?
   There are twelve boys in my class.
2. ______?
   Yes, there’s a hospital in my town.
3. ______?
   No, there aren’t any shopping centres in the city.
4. ______?
   Yes, there are some supermarkets on Bond Street.
L'imperativo
7 Segna (√) le espressioni corrette. Poi riscrivi correttamente quelle errate.
1 ✓ Listen to the teacher.
2 ___ Don't be late.
3 ___ You learn to speak English.
4 ___ Don't sit next to him.
5 ___ No close your books.
6 ___ Give him a pen.

8 Scrivi frasi alla forma affermativa e negativa dell'imperativo.
1 eat food (in the café/not in class)
   Eat food in the café.
   Don't eat food in class.
2 run fast (in PE/not in school)
   ___
3 play football (in the park/not in the house)
   ___
4 do your homework (now/not tomorrow)
   ___
5 have lunch (in the café/not in the restaurant)
   ___

Could...?
9 Completa le domande con una frase del riquadro.

Vocabulary
Posti in città
10 Leggi le definizioni e scrivi i nomi di questi posti in città.
1 You can get a bus here. bus stop / station
2 People watch sport here. s___
3 You can buy jeans here. c___
4 You can walk your dog here. p___
5 You can have a coffee here. c___
6 You can read books here. l___
7 You can buy medicine here. c___
8 You can buy a newspaper here. n___
9 You can have dinner here. r___
10 Tourists can get information here. t___
11 You can catch a train here. t___
12 You can send letters here. p___
13 You can park your car here. c___
14 You can get a coach here. c___
15 You can do sport here. l___
16 You can buy shoes here. s___

Aggettivi per descrivere la città
11 Completa le frasi con gli aggettivi del riquadro.
civilised expensive modern beautiful
interesting friendly lively
1 London isn’t ugly. It’s really beautiful.
2 Shanghai isn’t old-fashioned. It’s very interesting.
3 Paris isn’t cheap. It’s quite friendly.
4 Rome isn’t boring. It’s really lively.
5 Rio de Janiero is a welcoming, civilised city.
6 Tokyo is a very polite, expensive city.
7 Barcelona is full of life. It’s very modern.

Extra vocabulary • Directions
12 Scegli l’alternativa corretta per completare il dialogo.

A Excuse me. Where’s the town hall please?
B The town hall? Go *to along/along Queens Street for 200 metres. *Turn left/Take left at the market and *walk/cross Park Street. Go *under/between the bridge. Then go *straight on/straight for 100 metres. Go *past/along the café and take *first/the first turning on the left. The town hall is *at/on the right.
A Thanks. I think *I’ve got/I have that.